

The Wellness Express™



Jump on the train to good health

Issue 4, September, 2012

Take a Healthy Bite of Apple

Presented by: **Total Health Systems**

The apple is one of the world's most popular fruits. Originating in Asia, it may be the first tree fruit cultivated by humans, as historical records indicate it was widely available in the ancient cultures of the world thousands of years ago. It did not arrive in North America until Europeans brought it when colonization began in the 17th century. Today, China and the United States are the world's largest suppliers of apples with nearly 60 million tonnes harvested annually. While there are more than 7,000 varieties, only a small number of apple types are grown in large quantities.

Despite its long history, the apple's health properties have only come to light in the last couple of decades. Like many fruits and vegetables, the apple contains health promoting nutrients, such as vitamin C. However, scientists believe the benefits may be only marginally related to vitamins. Other substances within the fruit may deliver a bigger contribution to health.

Good for Brain and Body

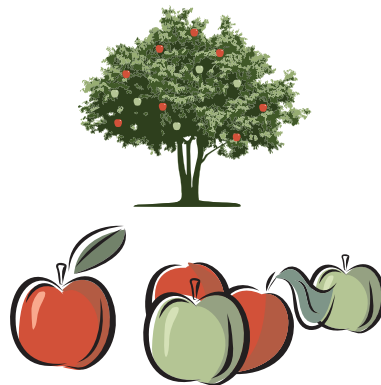
The main therapeutic roles apples play in human health are helping to prevent some type of cancers, lowering cholesterol and improving brain health. They even have been shown to increase longevity in some laboratory experiments.

Cancer and Colitis

The apple's levels of phytochemicals may provide an immune boosting and cancer repelling effect. In a study of colon cancer, researchers treated cancer cells with either an extract derived from the flesh of the apple or its peel.

The cells coated with the fruit flesh extract showed cancer cells inhibited by 29 percent but the cells coated with apple peel extract repressed the cancer cells by a surprising 43 percent, suggesting the apple's highest levels of antioxidant polyphenols are in its peel.¹

Another study indicates apples can assist the immune system. Research on mice presents evidence apple polyphenols were able to significantly reduce inflammation associated with the auto-immune disease colitis.²



Exercise of the Week

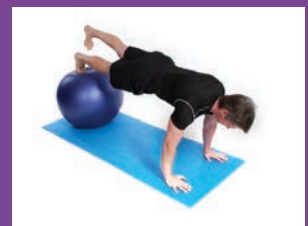
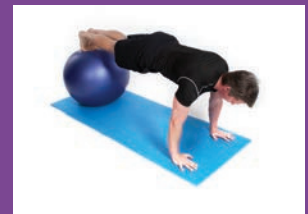
Plank Position - One Foot on Exercise Ball

Difficulty: Moderate

(Consult your chiropractor before starting this or any other exercise.)

Start: Lie on ball, face down. Walk hands out to assume plank position with lower legs (shins) or feet on ball. The closer the ball is to feet, the more difficult the exercise. Keep stomach tucked in and spine straight.

Exercise: Keeping abdominals contracted and upper body still, lift one foot/leg straight up. Hold this finish position for 10-15 seconds. Switch legs. Hold for another 10-15 seconds. Place foot back on ball and walk hands back to rest position. Repeat 2-3 times.



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Cholesterol

Your heart can reap advantages of a diet rich in apples. The University of Florida conducted a cholesterol study on women aged 45 to 65. The women were divided into two groups, with one group consuming dried apples daily for one year and the other group eating dried prunes daily for the same amount of time. Blood samples were taken from all the women at the 3, 6 and 12 month intervals during the study. At the six month mark, scientists discovered the apple eating group saw their bad (LDL) cholesterol slashed by 23 percent.¹

Brain Health

Can apples slow the progress of dementia related conditions like Alzheimer's disease? Some studies suggest apple juice consumption may have a positive outcome.

Laboratory research demonstrated mice that were fed apple juice could better navigate mazes, had improved cognitive function and registered less oxidative damage to their brains.³

A 2009 study published by the Journal of Alzheimer's Disease reported that 2 cups of apple juice consumed over 1 month lowered levels of beta amyloid, which is a protein responsible for creating senility plaques in the brains of Alzheimer's patients.³

However, a 2010 study on Alzheimer's revealed that apple juice only elevated the mood of affected patients but had no impact on alleviating their dementia symptoms.⁴



While apples do show promise in slowing the progress neurological conditions, more scientific study is needed.

Muscle Weakening

Muscle wasting is a common effect of aging and illness. With this condition, the muscles become progressively weaker. The cause of this problem still baffles scientists, but genetics are suspected to have an influence. Scientists extracted ursolic acid from apple peels and then fed the substance to mice. After several weeks of receiving the extract, the mice had increased muscle mass. The researchers believe the results occurred because the compound caused better insulin communication to the muscles and repaired genes connected to muscle atrophy.⁵

A Longer Life?

"An apple a day keeps the doctor away," according to the old saying but could apples delay death's arrival? In lab experiments, fruit flies that ingested apple polyphenols showed a 10% increase in lifespan. The probable reason? The antioxidants have the ability to counteract chemical substances responsible for age-related decline.⁶

* * *

Although extremely healthy, the apple does have a negative side. It is listed at #1 in the Environmental Working Group's Dirty Dozen – a list of the most pesticide contaminated fruits and vegetables. According to its website, the organization says 98% of apples in the US contain pesticide residue. You may want to opt for organic apples instead.⁷

Quote to Inspire

*"We are born believing.
A man bears beliefs
as a tree bears apples."*

~ Ralph Waldo Emerson

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